**SECTION – 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Product Identifier: **TARGET® Herbicide**

Formulation No.: A14357A

Registration Number: 28028 (Pest Control Products Act)

Chemical Classes: Phenoxy and benzoic derivative herbicide mixture.

Syndonym: None

Active Ingredient (%): MCPA (23.3%) and Mecoprop-P [CMPP-P] (5.3%) and Dicamba (5.3%)

CAS No.'s: 94-74-6 and 16484-77-8 and 1918-00-9.

Chemical Name: A mixture of 4-chloro-2-Methylphenoxyacetic acid, and (+)-(R)-2-(4-chloro-2-Methylphenoxy) propanoic acid, and 3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid. All acids are present as amine salt.

Product Use: Liquid herbicide for agricultural weed control. It is diluted with water prior to use. Please refer to product label for further details.

**SECTION – 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>Other Carcinogen</th>
<th>NTP/IARC/OSHA Carcinogen</th>
<th>WHMIS†</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diglycolamine (2-(2-aminoethoxy) ethanol) CAS No. 929-06-6 (≤22%)</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCPA Technical (23.3%)</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mecoprop-P Technical [CMPP-P] (5.3%)</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dicamba Technical (5.3%)</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>24.5 mg/m³ TWA***</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*** Syngenta Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL)
† Material listed in Ingredient Disclosure List under Hazardous Products Act.

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.
SECTION – 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Symptoms of Acute Exposure
This product is moderately irritating to the eyes. Spray mist may irritate nose and throat. Slight irritation of the skin may occur on contact. If a large amount is swallowed, vomiting, or diarrhea can occur. In extreme cases, chest pain, twitching, coma and death may result.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Can decompose at high temperatures and form toxic gases.

Physical Properties
- Appearance: Clear dark brown liquid.
- Odour: Mild, aromatic.

Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards
During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Potential Health Effects
- Relevant routes of exposure: Skin, eyes, mouth, lungs.
- Adverse health effects from exposure to product or ingredients of product:
  - ACUTE: Moderate toxicity and irritant via ocular, dermal, inhalation and ingestion routes. Liquid at full strength in the eye causes moderate irritation and may cause permanent eye damage if left untreated. This irritation is reduced or eliminated when the product is diluted for use. Prolonged or frequently repeated exposure may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.
  - CHRONIC: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis.

SECTION – 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

IF POISONING IS SUSPECTED, immediately contact the poison information centre, doctor or nearest hospital. Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you when calling Syngenta, a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Tell the person contacted the complete product name, and the type and amount of exposure. Describe any symptoms and follow the advice given. Call the Syngenta Emergency Line [1-800-327-8633 (1-800-FASTMED)], for further information.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with clean water, holding eyelids apart for a minimum of 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call Syngenta, a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Obtain medical attention immediately if irritation persists.

SKIN CONTACT: Immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash skin, hair and fingernails thoroughly with soap and water. Flush skin with running water for a minimum of 20 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation occurs.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is laboured, give oxygen. Obtain immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: If swallowed, immediately contact Syngenta, a poison control centre, doctor or nearest hospital for treatment advice. Provided the patient is conscious, wash out mouth with water. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by a physician or a poison control center. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head down to avoid breathing in of vomitus, rinse mouth and administer water.
NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:
Target contains phenoxy and benzoic derivative herbicides. There is no specific antidote. If a large amount has been swallowed, give water to drink and induce vomiting. If emesis has been inadequate, lavage stomach. Alkaline diuresis may be useful. Avoid epinephrine because of the danger of ventricular fibrillation.

Persons suffering a temporary allergic reaction may respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS KNOWN TO BE AGGRAVATED:
Persons with known allergy to dicamba or with a history of allergic sensitivity should use extra care in handling this product.

SECTION – 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point and method: Not applicable.
Upper and lower flammable (explosive) limits in air: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.
Flammability: Non-flammable.
Hazardous combustion products: Can decompose at high temperatures and form toxic gases.
Conditions under which flammability could occur: None known
Extinguishing media: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder, halon extinguishant or water fog or mist, (avoid use of water jet). Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Contain run-off water with, for example, temporary earth barriers.
Sensitivity to explosion by mechanical impact: None.
Sensitivity to explosion by static discharge: None.

SECTION – 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Make sure all personnel involved in the spill cleanup follow good industrial hygiene practices. A small spill can be handled routinely. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye protection to prevent skin and eye contact. Use adequate ventilation and wear an air-supplied respirator to prevent inhalation.
Procedures for dealing with release or spill: Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent from spreading or contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions outlined in Sections 7 and 8. Pump or scoop large amounts of liquid into a disposable container. Absorb remaining liquid or smaller spills with clay, sand or vermiculite. Scoop or sweep up material and place into a disposal container. Wash area with detergent and water. Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place into compatible disposal container. On soils, skim off the upper contaminated layer and collect for disposal. Once all material is cleaned up and placed in a disposal container, seal container and arrange for disposition. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

SECTION – 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling practices: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN and animals. Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco use, and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Avoid breathing vapours or spray mist. Wear full protective clothing and equipment (see Section 8). After work, rinse gloves and remove protective equipment, and wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling, and before eating, tobacco use, drinking, or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use and separate from household laundry. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep product, wash or rinse water, and contaminated materials out of water, away from crops, and away from access by people, animals and birds.
Appropriate storage practices/requirements: Store in original container only in a well-ventilated, cool, dry, secure area. Protect from heat, sparks and flame. Do not expose sealed containers to temperatures above 40 °C. Keep separate from other products to prevent cross contamination. Rotate stock. Clean up spilled material immediately.
National Fire Code classification: Not required.
SECTION – 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Applicable control measures, including engineering controls: Ensure work areas have ventilation, containment, and procedures sufficient to maintain airborne levels below the TLV. Warehouses, production area, parking lots and waste holding facilities must have adequate containment to prevent environmental contamination. Provide separate shower and eating facilities.

THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, PACKAGING AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT.

FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

Personal protective equipment for each exposure route:
General: Avoid breathing dust, vapours or aerosols. Avoid contact with eye, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, or handling tobacco.

INGESTION: Do not eat, drink, handle tobacco, or apply cosmetics in areas where there is a potential for exposure to this material. Always wash thoroughly after handling.

EYES: Where eye contact is likely, use chemical splash goggles. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

SKIN: Where contact is likely, wear chemical-resistant gloves (such as nitrile or butyl), coveralls, socks and chemical-resistant footwear. For overhead exposure, wear chemical-resistant headgear.

INHALATION: A respirator is not normally required when handling this substance. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below exposure limits. A NIOSH-certified combination air-purifying respirator with an N, P or R 95 or HE class filter and an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a pressure demand atmosphere-supplying respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or under any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SECTION – 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear dark brown liquid.
Formulation Type: Water-based solution concentrate.
Odour: Mild, aromatic.

pH: 8 – 10 @ 25 °C.

Vapour pressure and reference temperature: Not available.
Vapour density: Not available.
Boiling point: Not available.
Melting point: Not applicable.
Freezing point: -5 °C.
Specific gravity or density: 1.18 g/mL @ 20 °C.
Evaporation Rate: Not available.
Water/oil partition coefficient: Not available.
Odour threshold: Not available.
Viscosity: 43 mPas @ 25 °C (spindle #2 @ 30 rpm).
Solubility in Water: Not available.

SECTION – 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: Stable under normal use and storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatibility with other materials: None known.
Hazardous decomposition products: Can decompose at high temperatures forming toxic gases.
Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.
SECTION – 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity/Irritation Studies (Finished Product):

Ingestion: Slightly Toxic
Oral (LD50 Rat): 1,750 mg/kg body weight

Dermal: Practically Non-Toxic
Dermal (LD50 Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg body weight

Inhalation: Practically Non-Toxic
Inhalation (LC50 Rat): > 2.57 mg/L air - 4 hours

Eye Contact: Moderately Irritating (Rabbit)
Skin Contact: Slightly Irritating (Rabbit)
Skin Sensitization: Sensitizing (Guinea Pig)

Reproductive/Developmental Effects
Technical Active Ingredients: While MCPA does not have adverse effects on the reproductive capability of the rat, exposure to unacceptably high levels (i.e. considerably above the TLV) has been reported to cause birth defects in newborn rats. Dicamba is not teratogenic in animal studies, and does not affect the reproductive capability of rats. Information on the reproductive effects of CMPP-P is not available.

MCPA does not cause changes in hereditary material of microorganisms or cultured human cells in standard test procedures, but has been shown to cause weak effects in one insect species and either weak or no effects in other whole animal studies. CMPP-P also has weak effects in animals. Dicamba does not cause changes in the hereditary material of animals.

Chronic/Subchronic Toxicity Studies
Technical Active Ingredients: None known.

Carcinogenicity
Technical Active Ingredients: Although some reports have suggested that phenoxy herbicides cause cancer, MCPA was determined not to cause cancer in rats in a study involving lifetime exposure of rats to high doses of this compound. Exposure to CMPP-P or dicamba also did not cause cancer in animal studies.

Other Toxicity Information:
None.

Toxicity of Other Components
The acute toxicity test results reported in Section 11, above, for the finished product take into account any acute hazards related to the “other components” in the formulation.

Other materials that show synergistic toxic effects together with the product: None known.

Target Organs
Active Ingredients
MCPA: Liver, kidneys, spleen, thymus.
Mecoprop-P: Kidneys.
Dicamba: Eyes, skin.

Inert Ingredients
Not Applicable.
Summary of Effects
The three active ingredients in Target Herbicide are active against broadleaved (dicot) weeds. If sufficient exposure occurs, broadleaved plants outside the intended area may be harmed, but the toxicity to other organisms is low. Based on the effects of the active ingredients, the product is expected to be practically nontoxic to bees, aquatic invertebrates, and fish, and only moderately toxic to birds. (The information for the active isomer mecoprop-P was taken from tests done with a mixture of isomers).

Eco-Acute Toxicity
MCPP-P (Mecoprop-P) Technical:
- Bees LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$ (contact): $> 10$ µg/bee
- Invertebrates (Water Flea) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$ 48 hr: 420 ppm
- Fish (Trout) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$ (96 hr): 150 - 200 mg/L
- Fish (Bluegill) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$ (96 hr): $> 100$ mg/L
- Birds (8-day dietary - Bobwhite Quail) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$: $> 5,000$ ppm
- Birds (8-day dietary - Mallard Duck) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$: $> 5,620$ ppm

DICAMBA Technical:
- Bees LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$ (contact): 100 µg/bee
- Invertebrates (Water Flea) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$ 48 hr: 110 ppm
- Fish (Trout) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$ (96 hr): 135 mg/L
- Fish (Bluegill) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$ (96 hr): 135 mg/L
- Birds (8-day dietary - Bobwhite Quail) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$: $> 10,000$ ppm
- Birds (8-day dietary - Mallard Duck) LC$_{50}$/EC$_{50}$: $> 10,000$ ppm

Eco-Chronic Toxicity
MCPP-P (Mecoprop-P) Technical:
- Invertebrates (Daphnia magna) 21-Day Reproduction EC$_{50}$: 22.7 mg/L
- Fish (Rainbow Trout) 21-Day NOEC: Not Available – “Slightly Toxic”

CMPP-P (Mecoprop-P) Technical:
- Invertebrates (Daphnia magna) 21-Day Reproduction EC$_{50}$: Not Available
- Fish (Rainbow Trout) 21-Day NOEC: Not Available – “Slightly Toxic”

DICAMBA Technical:
- Invertebrates (Daphnia magna) 21-Day Reproduction EC$_{50}$: Not Available
- Fish (Rainbow Trout) 21-Day NOEC: Not Available

Environmental Fate
Target Herbicide is active when sprayed on foliage but has little or no residual activity after it has been in contact with soil. The ingredients are degraded in plants or by micro-organisms in soil and water. In soil, the half-life values are 14-30 days, 3-13 days and <14 days for MCPA, mecoprop-P and dicamba respectively. The half-life...
in natural water is less than <14 days for MCPA and Dicamba, and based on its structure and properties, the
behaviour of mecoprop-P is expected to be similar. None of the active ingredients in Target Herbicide has a
potential to bioaccumulate. The ingredients are highly mobile in soil, but actual movement is limited by rapid
degradation. Bulk material sinks in water (after 24 h test) and mixes with water (water based).

SECTION – 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal information: Do not reuse empty containers. Empty container retains product residue. Triple rinse, or
equivalent, empty container, return rinse water to dilution mixture, and dispose of dilution mixture as a hazardous waste if
it cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions. Dispose of empty containers in accordance with local
regulations. Consult provincial environment ministry for advice on waste disposal. Industrial/commercial waste may be
handled at licensed facilities only. Waste shipments must be securely packaged and properly labelled. Only licensed carriers
may be used, and proper documents must accompany the shipment.

SECTION – 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Shipping information such as shipping classification:
TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION - ROAD/RAIL
Not Regulated.

SECTION – 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS classification for product: Exempt
A statement that the MSDS has been prepared to meet WHMIS requirements, except for use of the 16 headings.
This MSDS has been prepared in accordance with WHMIS requirements, but the data are presented under 16 headings.

Other regulations; restrictions and prohibitions

Pest Control Products (PCP) Act Registration No.: 28028

SECTION – 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The information contained herein is offered only as a guide to the handling of this specific material and has been prepared
in good faith by technically knowledgeable personnel. It is not intended to be all-inclusive and the manner and conditions
of use and handling may involve other and additional considerations. No warranty of any kind is given or implied and
Syngenta will not be liable for any damages, losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or
reliance on any information contained herein. This Material Safety Data Sheet is valid for three years. This product is
under the jurisdiction of the Pest Control Products Act and is exempt from the requirements for a WHMIS compliant
MSDS. Hazardous properties of all ingredients have been considered in the preparation of this MSDS. Read the entire
MSDS for the complete hazard evaluation of this product.

Prepared by: Syngenta Crop Protection Canada, Inc.
1-87-SYNGENTA (1-877-964-3682)

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